

Protocol K

2023 Update

Objective: Treatment of skin diseases, wounds, and conditions that require in-depth treatment.

General Dosage: 3000 ppm CDS combined with DMSO (Dimethyl Sulfoxide) at 70% water diluted.

Instructions

Allergy test: Before using DMSO, always perform an allergy test on the patient. Apply a drop of 50% or 70% DMSO on the forearm and wait for it to dry. In rare cases, some people may show allergy symptoms. It is normal to feel a slight itching, as this activates the blood circulation. If there are significant allergic reactions, discontinue use of DMSO.

Application of the protocol

Apply CDS first and allow it to dry on the skin.

Then apply 70% water diluted DMSO (or 50% if from the waist up) and allow it to dry.

Finish by applying undiluted CDS (3000 ppm) directly to the skin.

This process can be repeated every hour if necessary, but no more than 5 to 10 times a day.

99.9% DMSO: If *undiluted** 99.9% DMSO is used, it is necessary to reduce it with 30% distilled water or saline solution before application. (*99.9% is a DMSO purity specification. Dilute with distilled water to reduce DMSO concentration. Using distilled water to dilute DMSO will not change DMSO purity.*)*

Rotation of skin areas: If treatment is performed on a large scale, alternate areas of treated skin every hour.

Frequency of treatment

Perform this procedure for 3 days a week and allow the skin to regenerate for another 4 days. If you experience dry skin after a prolonged treatment, you can apply coconut oil, extra virgin olive oil or aloe vera afterwards. If dryness and irritation are excessive, consider reducing the concentration or taking a break from the treatment.

PRECAUTIONS

Do not use DMSO in enemas to avoid reentry of fecal toxins.

The area to be treated must be perfectly clean, free of perfumes, oils and other substances before starting the treatment.

Use suitable bottles, such as glass, PE or HDPE (white plastic) for DMSO, avoiding rubber, PVC plastic, acrylic, ABS or PET bottles, as they could be dissolved by DMSO, which is a solvent.

Never use rubber glass droppers! Do not use gloves or other plastic products, as they may also dissolve and penetrate the skin. (*Low density polyethylene (LDPE) pipettes could be used to transfer DMSO.*)*

After treatment, it is preferable to wear white clothes or white bandages to prevent the clothing dye color from penetrating the skin.

* Editor's comments